Impedance Measurements of Loctite Silicone Rubber and Structural Damping Results of Mold-Ex Silicone MX-111

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PREFACE

The research in this document was performed under a Cooperative Research and Development Agreement (CRADA) between the Naval Undersea Warfare Center (NUWC) Detachment, New London, Connecticut, and the Loctite Corporation, Rocky Hill, Connecticut.

The authors wish to thank Dr. Stephen Austin, formerly of NUWC Detachment New London and presently with Heidelberg-Harris, Inc., in Dover, New Hampshire, for coordinating and planning the air tube acoustic tests on behalf of the Loctite Corporation. Appreciation is also extended to Dr. Robert Lafreniere and Wendell Maciejewski of NUWC Detachment New London and Roger Tryon of McLaughlin Research Corporation for their assistance with the dynamic structural tests performed on the Metravib Viscoanalyzer. Finally, Richard Thompson and his associates at Loctite are to be acknowledged for their helpfulness and cooperation during the course of this experiment.

Reviewed and Approved: 26 April 1996

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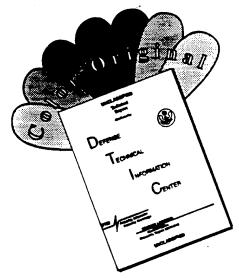
Form Approved REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE OMB No. 0704-0188 Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Tierctorate for information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0704-0188), Washington, DC 20503. 3. REPORT TYPE AND DATES COVERED 1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave Blank) 2. REPORT DATE 26 April 1996 Final 4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE FUNDING NUMBERS Impedance Measurements of Loctite Silicone Rubber and Structural Damping Results of Mold-Ex Silicone MX-111 6. AUTHOR(S) Andrew J. Hull and Rolf G. Kasper PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER 7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) Naval Undersea Warfare Center TD 11,119 **Detachment New London** New London, Connecticut 06320 9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY REPORT NUMBER SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES The research in this document was performed under a Cooperative Research and Development Agreement (CRADA) between the Naval Undersea Warfare Center Detachment, New London, Connecticut, and the Loctite Corporation, Rocky Hill, Connecticut. 12a. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT 12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited. 13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words) On 5 December 1995, the Naval Undersea Warfare Center (NUWC) Detachment in New London, Connecticut. and the Loctite Corporation in Rocky Hill, Connecticut, signed a Cooperative Research and Development Agreement (CRADA). The CRADA required that the NUWC detachment perform a number of acoustic impedance tests in their New London calibrated air tube facility. Loctite provided specimens of standard silicone rubber and silicone rubber embedded with iron powder and glass microbeads, both of which were especially prepared for the air tube facility. A number of tests were run at several different thicknesses to determine acoustic impedance properties. From these measurements, it was concluded that both specimens respond identically to a plane acoustic air wave. Furthermore, each specimen almost totally reflects this wave and its corresponding acoustic impedance is nearly infinite. In a second set of tests (not sponsored by the CRADA), structural strength and damping data were obtained from analyses conducted on the Mold-Ex silicone MX-111 material with the Metravib-Viscoanalyzer. 14. SUBJECT TERMS 15. NUMBER OF PAGES Acoustic Impedance Measurements, Air Tube Acoustic Test, Airborne Test, Dynamic 16. PRICE CODE Structural Testing, Loss Mechanism, Marine Structure, Silicone Rubber, Structural Damping SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF REPORT SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF ABSTRACT 20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT

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IMPEDANCE MEASUREMENTS OF LOCTITE SILICONE RUBBER AND STRUCTURAL DAMPING RESULTS OF MOLD-EX SILICONE MX-111

INTRODUCTION

On 5 December 1995, the Naval Undersea Warfare Center (NUWC) Detachment in New London, Connecticut, and the Loctite Corporation signed a Cooperative Research and Development Agreement (CRADA). The CRADA required that the NUWC detachment perform a number of acoustic impedance tests in their New London calibrated air tube facility. Loctite provided specimens of standard silicone rubber and silicone rubber embedded with iron powder and glass microbeads, both of which were especially prepared for the air tube facility. A number tests were run at several different thicknesses to determine acoustic impedance properties. The results of these tests are discussed in the first section of this document. The second section contains structural strength and damping results from analyses conducted on the Mold-Ex silicone MX-111 material with the Metravib-Viscoanalyzer.

IMPEDANCE MEASUREMENTS OF LOCTITE SILICONE RUBBER SAMPLES

From these measurements, it was determined that both the standard silicone rubber and the silicone rubber with embedded iron powder and glass microbeads respond identically to a plane acoustic air wave. Furthermore, each specimen almost totally reflects this wave and its corresponding acoustic impedance is nearly infinite.

Six pieces of silicone rubber were received in December 1995 for acoustic impedance testing in the New London air tube facility. Three were control pieces made of standard silicone rubber (the red pieces) and three were silicone rubber with embedded iron powder and glass microbeads (the black pieces). Three material thicknesses were tested for the 0.191-diameter plastic-backed sample: 2, 4, and 6 mm. Each specimen was inserted into the end of the air tube with the material positioned in such a manner that its face was exposed to the plane wave generated at the speaker, as shown in figure 1. The length of the air tube was 6.026 m and the distance from the speaker to the domain measurement microphone was 2.902 m.

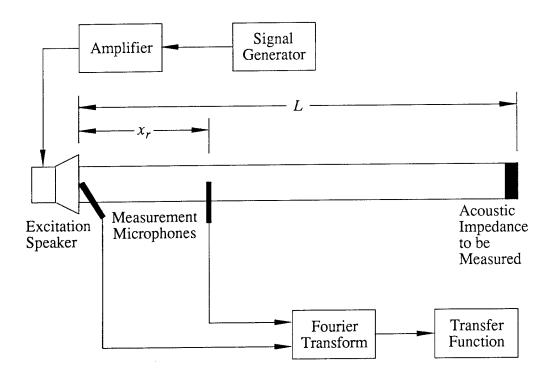


Figure 1. The Laboratory Configuration

Tables 1 and 2 contain the data from the 2-mm samples, tables 3 and 4 from the 4-mm samples, and tables 5 and 6 from the 6-mm samples. Figures 2, 3, and 4 are plots of the measured transfer functions for the 2-, 4-, and 6-mm samples, respectively. In each figure, the solid lines are the silicone rubber with embedded iron powder and glass microbeads and the dashed lines are the standard silicone rubber. Since the transfer functions of both materials are seen to be nearly identical, it was concluded that the acoustic impedance of both samples (responding to an airborne plane wave) is the same. Additionally, when figures 2, 3, and 4 are superimposed on one another, it becomes apparent that the thickness of the material has no effect on the acoustic impedance.

Table 7 provides the first 17 eigenvalues of the transfer function. These eigenvalues were extracted using the curve-fitting routine on the HP3562 dynamic signal analyzer. Although the transfer function from figure 1 was used to determine these eigenvalues, any other figure would produce very similar ones. Acoustic impedance can be determined directly from the eigenvalues.

At this point, it is important to understand the basic theory of measuring acoustic impedance. For the test to be successful, the loss mechanism of the material inserted into the end of the duct must be moderately larger than the loss mechanism of both the duct itself and the speaker end. In generating the theory, the duct and excitation end are considered lossless. However, in reality,

they are not. Thus, when a material is placed in the end of a duct that does not have a significant loss mechanism, the theoretical equations used to determine acoustic impedance tend to incorrectly "lump" all the loss mechanisms of the system into the acoustic impedance of the sample, which produces an incorrect measurement value.

The low loss situation is occurring for all the samples tested. Although this phenomenon can be explained with a number of methods, the best approach examines the real part of the eigenvalues, which has a value around or below |0.5|. This low value indicates an extremely low loss system that includes both the sample and the duct. Any calculations of the acoustic impedance would contain large errors. However, this low loss condition definitively shows that the materials tested are reflecting nearly all the airborne acoustic energy and that their corresponding acoustic impedance is nearly infinity. Thus, this material is behaving much like a metal (such as aluminum or steel) would behave for the same type of experiment. If the system did have significant attenuation characteristics, the phase angle of the data would begin approaching a straight line and the resonant peaks of the magnitudes would be lower and wider.

This impedance test does have some limitations. The characteristic impedance of the tube is defined as the density multiplied by the wave speed (pc). Because the tube is air filled, its specific impedance is very low, resulting in an experiment that cannot differentiate one large end impedance from another. For example, this experiment would not be able to differentiate between the responses of urethane and a stiffer material, such as steel, to an airborne acoustic wave. Furthermore, if these materials were to be used in an underwater application, the test should be run with water as the transmission medium in the impedance tube.* This would produce a much larger characteristic impedance, and the mismatch between the impedance of the tube and that of the sample would be significantly smaller than for the air-filled tube described above. Although the difference between the silicone rubber samples might or might not be apparent in the water-filled tube data, for acoustic applications in air-filled environments, the testing conducted here is sufficient to determine the acoustic response of each material.

^{*} NUWC Detachment New London does not have a water-filled impedance tube.

Table 1. Transfer Function of 2-mm-Thick Standard Silicone Rubber

Frequency (Hertz)	Real (T) (dimensionless)	Imag (T) (dimensionless)	Magnitude (dB)	Phase (degrees)
0.0	0.813	0.000	-1.80	0.0
5.0	1.122	0.002	1.00	0.1
10.0	1.335	0.069	2.52	3.0
15.0	-2.393	-2.634	11.03	-132.3
20.0	-0.723	-0.057	-2.80	-175.5
25.0	-0.163	-0.033	-15.56	-168.5
30.0	0.133	-0.036	-17.22	-15.3
35.0	0.514	-0.058	-5.72	-6.5
40.0	1.788	-0.256	5.13	-8.2
45.0	-4.108	-0.545	12.35	-172.4
50.0	-1.415	-0.067	3.02	-177.3
55.0	-1.053	-0.014	0.45	-179.2
60.0	-1.004	0.004	0.04	179.8
65.0	-1.220	0.035	1.73	178.4
70.0	-2.980	0.568	9.64	169.2
75.0	1.335	0.336	2.78	14.1
80.0	0.194	0.045	-14.01	13.1
85.0	-0.126	0.031	-17.73	166.1
90.0	-0.435	0.032	-7.21	175.8
95.0	-1.057	0.069	0.50	176.3
100.0	-5.407	3.616	16.26	146.2
105.0	2.381	0.328	7.62	7.8 2.0
110.0	1.205	0.042	1.62 -0.20	0.5
115.0	0.977	0.009 -0.002	-0.20 -0.19	-0.1
120.0	0.978 1.328	-0.002 -0.041	2.47	-1.8
125.0 130.0	-2.040	-6.368	16.50	-107.8
135.0	-0.330	-0.085	-9.35	-165.5
140.0	0.132	-0.039	-17.24	-16.4
145.0	0.403	-0.038	-7.85	-5.4
150.0	0.779	-0.064	-2.14	-4.7
155.0	1.942	-0.163	5.80	-4.8
160.0	-6.068	-2.448	16.32	-158.0
165.0	-1.638	-0.092	4.30	-176.8
170.0	-1.044	-0.022	0.38	-178.8
175.0	-0.889	-0.009	-1.02	-179.4
180.0	-0.941	0.009	-0.53	179.5
185.0	-1.586	0.177	4.06	173.6
190.0	0.609	0.248	-3.64	22.2
195.0	-0.162	0.046	-15.44	164.1
200.0	-0.394	0.036	-8.05	174.7
205.0	-0.653	0.038	-3.69	176.6
210.0	-1.239	0.060	1.87	177.2
215.0	-5.410	1.333	14.92	166.2
220.0	2.701	0.219	8.66	4.6
225.0	1.212	0.043	1.68	2.0
230.0	0.880	0.015	-1.11	1.0
235.0	0.775	0.009	-2.21	0.6
240.0	0.842	-0.014	-1.50	-0.9
245.0	1.438	-1.783	7.20	-51.1
250.0	0.205	-0.052	-13.50	-14.3
255.0	0.428	-0.030	-7.36	-4.0

Table 1. Transfer Function of 2-mm-Thick Standard Silicone Rubber (Cont'd)

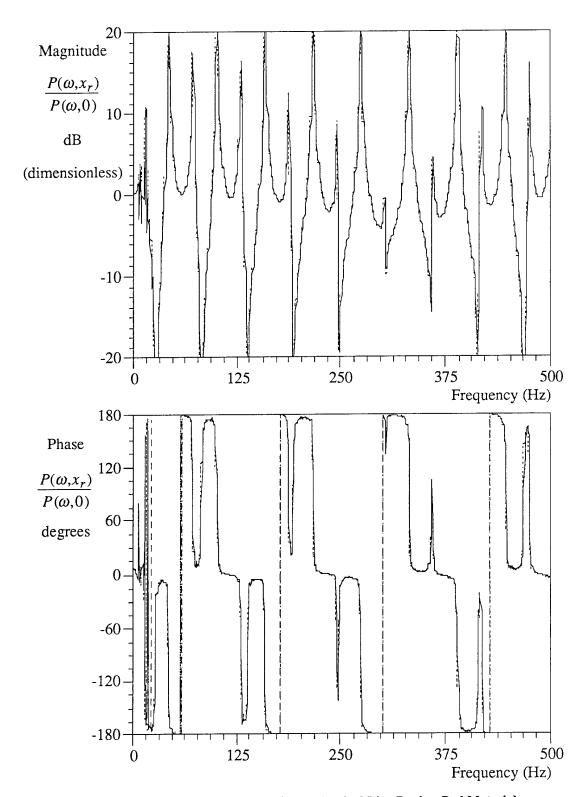
Frequency (Hertz)	Real (T) (dimensionless)	Imag (T) (dimensionless)	Magnitude (dB)	Phase (degrees)
260.0	0.615	-0.029	-4.22	-2.7
260.0	0.013	-0.029	-0.42	-3.5
265.0		-0.252	6.51	-6.9
270.0	2.101	-0.232 -5.141	18.08	-140.1
275.0	-6.157 -1.669	-0.162	4.49	-174.5
280.0	-0.955	-0.102	-0.39	-177.3
285.0		-0.043	-2.75	-178.3
290.0	-0.728	-0.022	-4.11	-178.7
295.0	-0.623	-0.014	-4.08	-179.6
300.0	-0.625	0.043	-8.02	173.7
305.0	-0.395	0.043	-5.63	177.9
310.0	-0.522		-4.10	178.1
315.0	-0.623	0.021	-4.10 -1.57	177.9
320.0	-0.834	0.030	2.58	176.9
325.0	-1.343	0.072	2.36 12.24	163.8
330.0	-3.928	1.143		8.2
335.0	3.115	0.451	9.96	8.2 2.9
340.0	1.160	0.058	1.30 -2.73	2.5
345.0	0.729	0.032		2.3 2.9
350.0	0.525	0.027	-5.58	5.1
355.0	0.368	0.033	-8.65	
360.0	-0.197	0.665	-3.18	106.5
365.0	0.780	0.005	-2.16	0.4
370.0	0.711	-0.009	-2.97	-0.7
375.0	0.803	-0.017	-1.90	-1.2
380.0	1.075	-0.063	0.65	-3.4
385.0	2.010	-0.218	6.12	-6.2
390.0	-3.028	-9.936	20.33	-107.0
395.0	-1.685	-0.178	4.58	-174.0
400.0	-0.826	-0.062	-1.64	-175.7
405.0	-0.506	-0.040	-5.90	-175.5
410.0	-0.302	-0.039	-10.33	-172.6
415.0	0.099	-0.103	-16.90	-45.9
420.0	-2.033	-0.567	6.49	-164.4
425.0	-0.909	-0.010	-0.82	-179.4
430.0	-0.836	0.006	-1.55	179.6
435.0	-0.954	0.029	-0.40	178.3
440.0	-1.379	0.075	2.81	176.9
445.0	-3.083	0.775	10.05	165.9
450.0	3.076	0.757	10.01	13.8
455.0	1.013	0.096	0.15	5.4
460.0	0.525	0.040	-5.57	4.4
465.0	0.263	0.035	-11.52	7.5
470.0	-0.080	0.054	-20.32	146.1
475.0	-1.463	1.106	5.27	142.9
480.0	1.473	0.109	3.39	4.2
485.0	0.974	0.017	-0.22	1.0
490.0	0.934	-0.008	-0.59	-0.5
495.0	1.113	-0.042	0.94	-2.2
500.0	1.834	-0.164	5.30	-5.1

Table 2. Transfer Function of 2-mm-Thick Silicone Rubber With Embedded Iron Powder and Glass Microbeads

Frequency (Hertz)	Real (T) (dimensionless)	Imag (T) (dimensionless)	Magnitude (dB)	Phase (degrees)
0.0	0.602	0.000	-4.41	0.0
5.0	1.120	0.012	0.99	0.6
10.0	0.810	0.140	-1.70	9.8
15.0	-1.954	-2.310	9.62	-130.2
20.0	-0.632	-0.078	-3.91	-172.9
25.0	-0.176	-0.030	-14.98	-170.4
30.0	0.139	-0.039	-16.82	-15.6 -6.8
35.0	0.532	-0.064	-5.42 5.57	-0.6 -11.6
40.0	1.861	-0.381 -1.112	12.71	-165.1
45.0	-4.177 1.428	-0.043	3.16	-178.3
50.0	-1.438 -1.048	-0.043	0.41	-179.4
55.0 60.0	-1.046	0.004	0.04	179.8
65.0	-1.233	0.018	1.82	179.1
70.0	-2.706	0.258	8.69	174.6
75.0	1.295	0.208	2.35	9.1
80.0	0.211	0.063	-13.13	16.6
85.0	-0.129	0.038	-17.43	163.4
90.0	-0.434	0.040	-7.21	174.8
95.0	-1.049	0.057	0.43	176.9
100.0	-5.436	3.655	16.33	146.1
105.0	2.270	0.290	7.19	7.3
110.0	1.227	0.035	1.78	1.7
115.0	0.978	0.011	-0.19 -0.18	0.7 -0.1
120.0 125.0	0.980 1.350	-0.002 -0.079	2.62	-0.1 -3.3
130.0	-0.044	-6.293	15.98	-90.4
135.0	-0.314	-0.100	-9.63	-162.4
140.0	0.137	-0.034	-16.99	-13.9
145.0	0.399	-0.045	-7.93	-6.5
150.0	0.757	-0.077	-2.37	-5.8
155.0	1.897	-0.216	5.61	-6.5
160.0	-5.887	-2.396	16.06	-157.9
165.0	-1.603	-0.129	4.13	-175.4
170.0	-1.038	-0.028	0.32	-178.5
175.0	-0.892	-0.009	-1.00	-179.5
180.0	-0.937	0.006	-0.56 3.80	179.6 173.1
185.0	-1.537	0.187 0.267	-2.61	21.1
190.0	0.690 -0.149	0.267	-16.22	164.5
195.0 200.0	-0.149	0.033	-8.05	175.2
205.0	-0.653	0.053	-3.66	174.6
210.0	-1.229	0.079	1.81	176.3
215.0	-5.331	1.344	14.80	165.8
220.0	2.574	0.436	8.33	9.6
225.0	1.230	0.056	1.81	2.6
230.0	0.882	0.020	-1.09	1.3
235.0	0.776	0.009	-2.20	0.6
240.0	0.853	-0.007	-1.38	-0.5
245.0	1.730	-1.923	8.26	-48.0
250.0	0.194	-0.052	-13.96	-14.9 2.7
255.0	0.425	-0.028	-7.41	-3.7

Table 2. Transfer Function of 2-mm-Thick Silicone Rubber With Embedded Iron Powder and Glass Microbeads (Cont'd)

Frequency (Hertz)	Real (T) (dimensionless)	Imag (T) (dimensionless)	Magnitude (dB)	Phase (degrees)
260.0	0.611	-0.031	-4.26	-2.9
265.0	0.977	-0.069	-0.18	-4.0
270.0	2.050	-0.311	6.33	-8.6
275.0	-7.236	-5.533	19.19	-142.6
280.0	-1.718	-0.186	4.75	-173.8
285.0	-0.956	-0.052	-0.38	-176.9
290.0	-0.723	-0.018	-2.82	-178.6
295.0	-0.625	-0.015	-4.08	-178.6
300.0	-0.639	-0.009	-3.89	-179.2
305.0	-0.378	0.061	-8.33	170.8
310.0	-0.517	0.017	-5.73	178.1
315.0	-0.626	0.022	-4.06	178.0
320.0	-0.823	0.038	-1.68	177.4
325.0	-1.345	0.072	2.59	177.0
330.0	-3.840	0.932	11.94	166.4
335.0	2.954	0.606	9.59	11.6
340.0	1.155	0.068	1.26	3.4 2.5
345.0	0.736 0.525	0.032 0.022	-2.66 -5.59	2.3 2.4
350.0 355.0	0.323	0.022	-3.39 -8.98	6.1
360.0	-0.111	0.901	-0.84	97.1
365.0	0.775	0.901	-2.21	0.9
370.0	0.710	-0.009	-2.98	-0.7
375.0	0.798	-0.020	-1.96	-1.4
380.0	1.061	-0.064	0.53	-3.4
385.0	1.981	-0.245	6.01	-7.0
390.0	0.402	-9.352	19.43	-87.5
395.0	-1.712	-0.191	4.73	-173.6
400.0	-0.820	-0.047	-1.71	-176.7
405.0	-0.510	-0.041	-5.83	-175.4
410.0	-0.309	-0.041	-10.13	-172.4
415.0	0.083	-0.088	-18.34	-46.8
420.0	-2.102	-0.272	6.53	-172.6
425.0	-0.910	-0.013	-0.82	-179.2
430.0	-0.837	0.007	-1.54	179.5
435.0	-0.944	0.026	-0.49	178.4
440.0	-1.330	0.068	2.49	177.1
445.0	-3.210	0.856	10.43	165.1
450.0	3.031	0.762	9.90	14.1
455.0	1.003	0.111	0.08	6.3
460.0	0.538	0.040	-5.36	4.3
465.0	0.261	0.037 0.078	-11.58 -19.98	8.1
470.0 475.0	-0.062 -1.941	0.078 0.749		128.5 158.9
480.0	-1.941 1.471	0.126	6.37	
480.0 485.0	0.976	0.126	3.38 -0.21	4.9
490.0	0.976	-0.007	-0.21 -0.62	0.6 -0.4
490.0	1.113	-0.029	0.93	-0.4 -1.5
500.0	1.796	-0.029	5.10	-1.3 -3.0



Solid Line Depicts Black Material and Dashed Line Depicts Red Material

Figure 2. Transfer Function of 2-mm Samples

Table 3. Transfer Function of 4-mm-Thick Standard Silicone Rubber

Frequency (Hertz)	Real (T) (dimensionless)	Imag (T) (dimensionless)	Magnitude (dB)	Phase (degrees)
0.0	0.621	0.000	-4.14	0.0
5.0	1.145	0.037	1.18	1.9
10.0	0.749	0.052	-2.49	4.0
15.0	-0.289	-0.050	-10.66	-170.1
20.0	-0.047	0.028	-25.19	149.3
		0.028	-18.32	140.3
25.0	-0.093			-8.3
30.0	0.139	-0.020	-17.02	
35.0	0.534	-0.021	-5.45	-2.3
40.0	1.880	-0.231	5.55	-7.0
45.0	-4.280	-0.584	12.71	-172.2
50.0	-1.410	-0.026	2.99	-179.0
55.0	-1.055	-0.007	0.46	-179.6
60.0	-1.005	0.003	0.04	179.8
65.0	-1.223	0.026	1.75	178.8
70.0	-2.826	0.280	9.07	174.3
75.0	1.290	0.168	2.29	7.4
80.0	0.200	0.033	-13.87	9.3
85.0	-0.137	0.019	-17.18	172.2
90.0	-0.426	0.035	-7.39	175.3
95.0	-1.079	0.012	0.66	179.3
100.0	-7.412	3.620	18.33	154.0
105.0	2.250	0.285	7.11	7.2
110.0	1.207	0.022	1.63	1.1
115.0	0.976	0.022	-0.21	0.5
120.0	0.980	-0.005	-0.18	-0.3
125.0	1.334	-0.003 -0.049	2.51	-0.5 -2.1
		-0.049 -5.112	14.18	-2.1 -93.1
130.0	-0.278			
135.0	-0.298	-0.098	-10.08	-161.7
140.0	0.132	-0.022	-17.47	-9.3
145.0	0.393	-0.024	-8.11	-3.4
150.0	0.796	-0.051	-1.97	-3.7
155.0	1.965	-0.186	5.91	-5.4
160.0	-5.950	-2.294	16.09	-158.9
165.0	-1.605	-0.095	4.13	-176.6
170.0	-1.040	-0.019	0.34	-179.0
175.0	-0.891	-0.005	-1.00	-179.7
180.0	-0.937	0.008	-0.57	179.5
185.0	-1.596	0.159	4.11	174.3
190.0	0.670	0.166	-3.22	13.9
195.0	-0.162	0.036	-15.61	167.6
200.0	-0.398	0.026	-7.99	176.3
205.0	-0.651	0.038	-3.71	176.7
210.0	-1.238	0.074	1.87	176.6
215.0	-4.987	2.151	14.70	156.7
220.0	2.532	0.221	8.10	5.0
225.0	1.236	0.044	1.84	2.1
230.0	0.882	0.014	-1.09	0.9
235.0	0.332	0.006	-2.21	0.4
240.0	0.773	-0.011	-2.21	-0.8
		-0.954	6.49	-0.8 -26.8
245.0	1.884			
250.0	0.187	-0.044	-14.35	-13.2

Table 3. Transfer Function of 4-mm-Thick Standard Silicone Rubber (Cont'd)

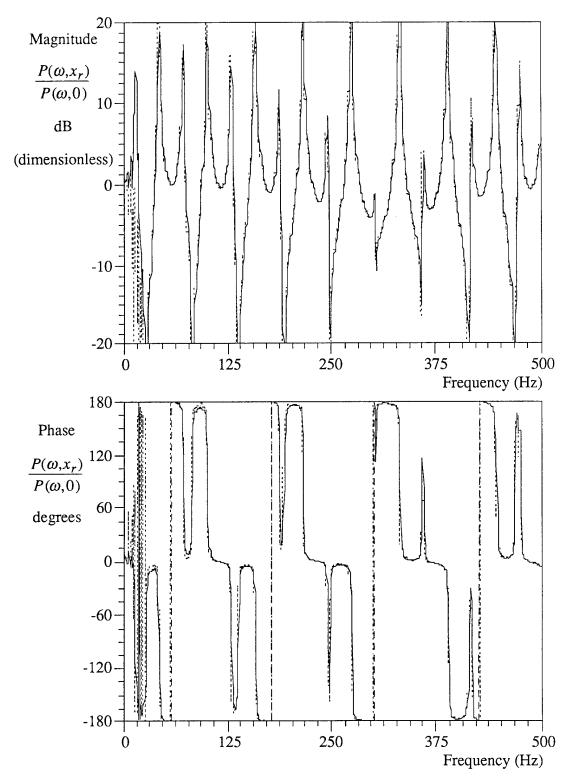
Frequency (Hertz)	Real (T) (dimensionless)	Imag (T) (dimensionless)	Magnitude (dB)	Phase (degrees)
255.0	0.434	-0.017	-7.24	-2.3
260.0	0.618	-0.021	-4.17	-2.0
265.0	0.958	-0.057	-0.36	-3.4
270.0	2.094	-0.227	6.47	-6.2
275.0	-7.039	-4.977	18.71	-144.7
280.0	-1.631	-0.154	4.29	-174.6
285.0	-0.966	-0.039	-0.30	-177.7
290.0	-0.721	-0.018	-2.84	-178.6
295.0	-0.625	-0.009	-4.09	-179.1
300.0	-0.636	-0.001	-3.93	-180.0
305.0	-0.370	0.064	-8.50	170.2
310.0	-0.513	0.017	-5.79	178.1
315.0	-0.626	0.016	-4.07	178.5
320.0	-0.806	0.030	-1.86	177.9
325.0	-1.319	0.073	2.42	176.8
330.0	-4.196	0.863	12.64	168.4
335.0	3.207	0.564	10.25	10.0
340.0	1.184	0.059	1.48	2.9
345.0	0.733	0.031	-2.70	2.5
350.0	0.527	0.018	-5.56	1.9
355.0	0.362	0.032	-8.79	5.0
360.0	-0.149	0.602	-4.15	103.9
365.0	0.782	0.002	-2.14	0.1
370.0	0.708	-0.006	-3.00	-0.5
375.0	0.795	-0.019	-1.99	-1.4
380.0	1.061	-0.053	0.53	-2.9
385.0	1.848	-0.251	5.42	-7.7
390.0	-1.348	-11.558	21.32	-96.7
395.0	-1.756	-0.197	4.94	-173.6
400.0	-0.830	-0.057	-1.60	-176.0
405.0	-0.520	-0.033	-5.66	-176.4
410.0	-0.310	-0.044	-10.08	-172.0
415.0	0.092	-0.117	-16.56	-51.7
420.0	-1.971	-0.664	6.36	-161.4
425.0	-0.911	-0.016	-0.81	-179.0
430.0	-0.836	0.004	-1.56	179.7
435.0	-0.956	0.029	-0.38	178.3
440.0	-1.384	0.088	2.84	176.3
445.0	-3.461	0.664	10.94	169.1
450.0	2.881	0.924	9.62	17.8
455.0	1.030	0.104	0.30	5.8
460.0	0.528	0.031	-5.53	3.3
465.0	0.252	0.034	-11.90	7.6
470.0	-0.056	0.049	-22.57	139.0
475.0	-1.562	0.767	4.81	153.9
480.0	1.510	0.145	3.62	5.5
485.0	0.979	0.016	-0.18	0.9
490.0	0.930	-0.005	-0.63	-0.3
495.0	1.103	-0.028	0.85	-1.5
500.0	1.748	-0.168	4.89	-5.5

Table 4. Transfer Function of 4-mm-Thick Silicone Rubber With Embedded Iron Powder and Glass Microbeads

Frequency	Real (T)	Imag (T)	Magnitude	Phase
(Hertz)	(dimensionless)	(dimensionless)	(dB)	(degrees)
0.0 5.0 10.0 15.0 20.0 25.0 30.0 35.0 40.0 45.0 50.0 55.0 60.0 65.0 70.0 75.0 80.0 85.0 90.0 95.0 110.0 115.0 120.0 125.0 130.0 135.0 140.0 145.0 150.0 155.0 160.0 165.0 170.0 175.0 180.0 175.0 180.0 195.0 200.0 205.0	0.677 1.114 1.368 -1.936 -0.497 -0.166 0.130 0.507 1.768 -4.356 -1.444 -1.055 -1.005 -1.212 -2.713 1.334 0.231 -0.118 -0.399 -1.011 -4.653 2.401 1.234 0.983 0.984 1.330 0.232 -0.330 0.114 0.372 0.751 1.867 -6.129 -1.667 -1.051 -0.895 -0.940 -1.554 0.651 -0.141 -0.386 -0.631	0.000 -0.013 0.195 -4.605 -0.025 -0.053 -0.049 -0.080 -0.344 -0.918 -0.059 -0.008 0.004 0.034 0.434 0.352 0.065 0.037 0.047 0.133 2.751 0.333 0.047 0.012 -0.003 -0.090 -5.329 -0.087 -0.041 -0.034 -0.056 -0.254 -2.592 -0.052 -0.030 -0.098 0.005 0.114 0.228 0.056 0.035 0.039	-3.38 0.94 2.81 13.97 -6.07 -15.19 -17.13 -5.79 5.11 12.97 3.20 0.47 0.04 1.67 8.78 2.79 -12.39 -18.16 -7.92 0.16 14.66 7.69 1.83 -0.15 -0.14 2.50 14.54 -9.34 -18.34 -8.56 -2.47 5.50 16.46 4.44 0.43 -0.97 -0.54 3.85 -3.22 -16.38 -8.24 -3.98	0.0 -0.7 8.1 -112.8 -177.2 -162.4 -20.4 -8.9 -11.0 -168.1 -177.6 -179.6 179.8 178.4 170.9 14.8 15.8 162.6 173.2 172.5 149.4 7.9 2.2 0.7 -0.2 -3.8 -87.5 -165.3 -20.0 -5.3 -4.3 -7.7 -157.1 -178.2 -178.4 -179.5 179.7 175.8 19.3 158.4 174.8 176.4
210.0	-1.214	0.088	1.71	175.9
215.0	-5.021	1.448	14.36	163.9
220.0	2.675	0.290	8.60	6.2
225.0	1.234	0.057	1.83	2.6
230.0	0.891	0.021	-1.00	1.4
235.0	0.783	0.007	-2.12	0.5
240.0	0.856	-0.007	-1.35	-0.5

Table 4. Transfer Function of 4-mm-Thick Silicone Rubber With Embedded Iron Powder and Glass Microbeads (Cont'd)

Frequency (Hertz)	Real (T) (dimensionless)	Imag (T) (dimensionless)	Magnitude (dB)	Phase (degrees)
245.0	1.816	-0.871	6.08	-25.6
250.0	0.161	-0.053	-15.39	-18.2
255.0	0.419	-0.031	-7.54	-4.3
260.0	0.609	-0.033	-4.29	-3.1
265.0	0.931	-0.053	-0.60	-3.2
270.0	1.948	-0.240	5.86	-7.0
275.0	-7.518	-7.163	20.33	-136.4
280.0	-1.711	-0.144	4.70	-175.2
285.0	-0.958	-0.048	-0.36	-177.1
290.0	-0.727	-0.020	-2.76	-178.4
295.0	-0.633	-0.012	-3.97	-178.9
300.0	-0.647	-0.007	-3.78	-179.4
305.0	-0.341	0.103	-8.96	163.3
310.0	-0.505	0.019	-5.92	177.8
315.0	-0.617	0.016	-4.19	178.5
320.0	-0.806	0.032	-1.86	177.7
325.0	-1.291	0.069	2.23	176.9
330.0	-4.108	0.935	12.49	167.2
335.0	3.187	0.708	10.28	12.5
340.0	1.181	0.104	1.48	5.0
345.0	0.751	0.031	-2.48	2.3
350.0	0.542	0.020	-5.31	2.1
355.0	0.382	0.031	-8.33	4.7
360.0	-0.239	0.474	-5.51 -2.27	116.7 0.9
365.0	0.770	0.013	-2.27 -3.07	-0.5
370.0	0.702 0.791	-0.006 -0.020	-2.04	-1.4
375.0 380.0	1.036	-0.020	0.31	-2.8
385.0	1.863	-0.030	5.46	-6.5
390.0	2.904	-12.034	21.85	-76.4
395.0	-1.722	-0.141	4.75	-175.3
400.0	-0.842	-0.051	-1.47	-176.5
405.0	-0.512	-0.042	-5.79	-175.3
410.0	-0.315	-0.038	-9.96	-173.1
415.0	0.030	-0.100	-19.60	-73.2
420.0	-2.027	-0.642	6.55	-162.4
425.0	-0.910	-0.015	-0.82	-179.0
430.0	-0.832	0.005	-1.60	179.6
435.0	-0.951	0.025	-0.43	178.5
440.0	-1.346	0.092	2.60	176.1
445.0	-3.527	0.731	11.13	168.3
450.0	3.304	0.711	10.58	12.1
455.0	1.027	0.103	0.28	5.7
460.0	0.551	0.046	-5.15	4.8
465.0	0.274	0.031	-11.18	6.5
470.0	-0.043	0.055	-23.12	128.5
475.0	-1.713	1.054	6.07	148.4
480.0	1.451	0.124	3.26	4.9
485.0	0.970	0.021	-0.26	1.2
490.0	0.931	-0.008	-0.62	-0.5 -1.4
495.0	1.099 1.768	-0.028	0.82 4.98	-1.4 -4.7



Solid Line Depicts Black Material and Dashed Line Depicts Red Material

Figure 3. Transfer Function of 4-mm Samples

Table 5. Transfer Function of 6-mm-Thick Standard Silicone Rubber

Frequency (Hertz)	Real (T) (dimensionless)	Imag (T) (dimensionless)	Magnitude (dB)	Phase (degrees)
0.0	0.794	0.000	-2.00	0.0
5.0	1.036	-0.048	0.32	-2.7
10.0	1.008	0.139	0.15	7.8
15.0	1.209	-0.062	1.66	-2.9
20.0	-0.333	-1.001	0.47	-108.4
25.0 25.0	-0.441	-0.319	-5.28	-144.1
30.0	-0.161	-0.204	-11.70	-128.2
35.0	0.121	-0.211	-12.28	-60.2
40.0	0.584	-0.418	-2.87	-35.6
45.0	1.093	-3.910	12.17	-74.4
50.0	-1.687	-0.297	4.67	-170.0
55.0	-1.119	-0.050	0.98	-177.5
60.0	-1.011	0.001	0.09	180.0
65.0	-1.141	0.045	1.15	177.7
70.0	-1.921	0.328	5.79	170.3
75.0	2.274	2.181	9.97	43.8
80.0	0.466	0.177	-6.06	20.8
85.0	0.034	0.084	-20.83	68.1
90.0	-0.256	0.087	-11.37	161.3
95.0	-0.743	0.172	-2.35	167.0
100.0	-2.365	1.129	8.37	154.5
105.0	3.038	0.914	10.03	16.7
110.0	1.335	0.075	2.52	3.2
115.0	1.019	0.020	0.16	1.1
120.0	0.993	0.001	-0.06	0.1
125.0	1.280	-0.059	2.15	-2.6
130.0	3.238	-1.801	11.38	-29.1
135.0	-0.609	-0.254	-3.61	-157.4
140.0	-0.001	-0.083	-21.60	-90.8
145.0	0.286	-0.058	-10.70	-11.4
150.0	0.628	-0.066	-3.99 4.00	-6.0 -10.8
155.0	1.744	-0.331	4.98 14.72	-10.8
160.0	-3.072	-4.496 0.172	5.05	-124.5 -174.4
165.0	-1.781	-0.173	0.83	-177.8
170.0 175.0	-1.100 -0.925	-0.042 -0.013	-0.68	-177.8
	-0.923 -0.953	0.008	-0.42	179.5
180.0 185.0	-1.459	0.008	3.29	176.7
190.0	1.251	0.857	3.61	34.4
195.0	-0.014	0.075	-22.36	100.8
200.0	-0.313	0.032	-10.05	174.2
205.0	-0.567	0.037	-4.91	176.3
210.0	-1.089	0.099	0.78	174.8
215.0	-3.750	0.962	11.76	165.6
220.0	3.068	0.468	9.84	8.7
225.0	1.319	0.070	2.42	3.0
230.0	0.927	0.023	-0.66	1.4
235.0	0.815	0.012	-1.77	0.9
240.0	0.882	-0.013	-1.09	-0.8
245.0	2.078	-0.668	6.78	-17.8
250.0	0.024	-0.085	-21.03	-74.1
255.0	0.354	-0.033	-8.97	-5.3

Table 5. Transfer Function of 6-mm-Thick Standard Silicone Rubber (Cont'd)

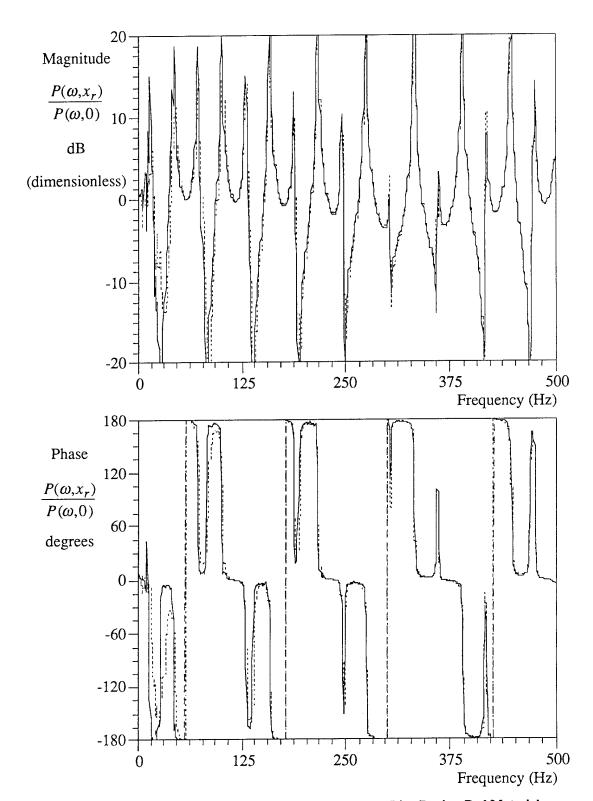
Frequency (Hertz)	Real (T) (dimensionless)	Imag (T) (dimensionless)	Magnitude (dB)	Phase (degrees)
260.0	0.549	-0.027	-5.19	-2.9
265.0	0.883	-0.044	-1.07	-2.8
270.0	1.789	-0.155	5.08	-2.6 -5.0
275.0	-2.265	-11.355	21.27	-101.3
280.0	-1.821	-0.161	5.24	-101.3
285.0	-1.021		0.32	
290.0		-0.049		-177.3
295.0	-0.769 0.676	-0.024	-2.27	-178.2
300.0	-0.676 -0.729	-0.013 0.011	-3.40 -2.74	-178.9
305.0	-0.729 -0.094	0.011		179.1
310.0	-0.094 -0.454	0.194	-13.35	115.9
315.0	-0.577	0.022	-6.86	177.3
320.0	-0.773	0.021	-4.78 -2.24	177.9
325.0	-1.224	0.029	1.79	177.9 175.4
330.0	-3.242	0.617	10.37	169.2
335.0	3.611	0.817	11.37	109.2
340.0	1.283	0.085	2.18	3.8
345.0	0.782	0.083	-2.13	
350.0	0.782	0.031	-2.13 -4.72	2.2 2.0
355.0	0.438	0.020	-4.72 -7.14	5.1
360.0	0.127	0.280	-10.25	65.6
365.0	0.699	0.200	-3.11	0.1
370.0	0.663	-0.010	-3.56	-0.9
375.0	0.756	-0.019	-2.42	-1.4
380.0	1.008	-0.051	0.08	-2.9
385.0	1.828	-0.176	5.28	-5.5
390.0	5.409	-9.023	20.44	-59.1
395.0	-1.857	-0.215	5.43	-173.4
400.0	-0.895	-0.061	-0.94	-176.1
405.0	-0.567	-0.031	-4.91	-176.9
410.0	-0.371	-0.019	-8.61	-177.0
415.0	-0.078	-0.039	-21.18	-153.6
420.0	-2.222	-0.579	7.22	-165.4
425.0	-0.881	-0.009	-1.10	-179.4
430.0	-0.805	0.009	-1.88	179.3
435.0	-0.919	0.030	-0.73	178.1
440.0	-1.283	0.093	2.19	175.8
445.0	-2.723	0.666	8.95	166.3
450.0	3.954	1.772	12.74	24.1
455.0	1.118	0.119	1.02	6.1
460.0	0.594	0.050	-4.50	4.8
465.0	0.329	0.039	-9.60	6.8
470.0	0.044	0.061	-22.52	54.0
475.0	-1.054	0.491	1.31	155.0
480.0	1.504	0.145	3.59	5.5
485.0	0.948	0.017	-0.46	1.0
490.0	0.910	-0.005	-0.82	-0.3
495.0	1.072	-0.035	0.60	-1.8
500.0	1.692	-0.110	4.58	-3.7

Table 6. Transfer Function of 6-mm-Thick Silicone Rubber With Embedded Iron Powder and Glass Microbeads

Frequency	Real (T) (dimensionless)	Imag (T) (dimensionless)	Magnitude (dB)	Phase (degrees)
(Hertz)	(dimensioness)	(dimensionless)	(d <i>D</i>)	(degrees)
			0.50	0.0
0.0	0.725	0.000	-2.79	0.0
5.0	1.121	0.025	0.99	1.3
10.0	1.408	-0.313	3.18	-12.5
15.0	-3.903	-4.176	15.14	-133.1
20.0	-0.578	0.008	-4.76	179.2
25.0	-0.142	-0.030	-16.79	-168.2
30.0	0.138	-0.031	-16.95	-12.8
35.0	0.519	-0.036	-5.68	-4.0
40.0	1.822	-0.302	5.33	-9.4
45.0	-4.399	-0.850	13.03	-169.1
50.0	-1.422	-0.038	3.06	-178.5
55.0	-1.057	-0.008	0.48	-179.6
60.0	-1.006	0.003	0.05	179.8
65.0	-1.226	0.031	1.77	178.5
70.0	-2.974	0.379	9.54	172.7
75.0	1.397	0.257	3.05	10.4
80.0	0.208	0.041	-13.46	11.1
85.0	-0.117	0.032	-18.30	164.9
90.0	-0.427	0.044	-7.35	174.1
95.0	-1.030	0.074	0.28	175.9
100.0	-5.908	3.036	16.45	152.8
105.0	2.221	0.293	7.00	7.5
110.0	1.228	0.021	1.78	1.0
115.0	0.980	0.009	-0.17	0.5 -0.1
120.0	0.987	-0.001	-0.12	-0.1 -1.8
125.0	1.346	-0.041	2.59 15.13	-96.2
130.0	-0.618	-5.675 0.076	-9.00	-167.7
135.0	-0.347	-0.076 -0.030	-17.60	-13.3
140.0	0.128	-0.030 -0.028	-8.50	-4.2
145.0	0.375	-0.028 -0.049	-2.37	-3.7
150.0	0.760	-0.159	5.44	-4.9
155.0	1.864	-1.425	15.68	-166.5
160.0	-5.916	-0.075	4.24	-177.4
165.0	-1.627	-0.026	0.53	-178.6
170.0	-1.063 -0.896	-0.020	-0.95	-179.6
175.0	-0.948	0.012	-0.46	179.3
180.0 185.0	-1.588	0.012	4.10	172.2
190.0	0.585	0.186	-4.24	17.6
195.0	-0.140	0.100	-16.92	168.8
200.0	-0.380	0.023	-8.39	175.3
205.0	-0.632	0.029	-3.98	177.4
210.0	-1.224	0.101	1.78	175.3
215.0	-5.617	1.537	15.30	164.7
220.0	2.701	0.183	8.65	3.9
225.0	1.224	0.061	1.77	2.9
230.0	0.890	0.021	-1.01	1.3
235.0	0.790	0.006	-2.05	0.5
240.0	0.876	-0.008	-1.15	-0.5
∠ ¬7∪.∪			10.22	-26.1
245.0	2.915	-1.426	10.22	-19.3

Table 6. Transfer Function of 6-mm-Thick Silicone Rubber With Embedded Iron Powder and Glass Microbeads (Cont'd)

Frequency (Hertz)	Real (T) (dimensionless)	Imag (T) (dimensionless)	Magnitude (dB)	Phase (degrees)
255.0	0.404	-0.032	-7.83	-4.6
260.0	0.601	-0.024	-4.42	-2.2
265.0	0.954	-0.072	-0.39	-4.3
270.0	2.006	-0.177	6.08	-5.0
275.0	-6.893	-5.668	19.01	-140.6
280.0	-1.703	-0.126	4.65	-175.8
285.0	-0.969	-0.037	-0.27	-177.8
290.0	-0.741	-0.019	-2.60	-178.6
295.0	-0.648	-0.012	-3.76	-179.0
300.0	-0.692	0.002	-3.20	179.9
305.0	-0.257	0.113	-11.03	156.3
310.0	-0.487	0.020	-6.25	177.7
315.0	-0.604	0.023	-4.38	177.8
320.0	-0.796	0.035	-1.97	177.5
325.0	-1.303	0.088	2.32	176.1
330.0	-3.758	0.863	11.72	167.1
335.0	3.498	0.503	10.97	8.2
340.0	1.183	0.056	1.47	2.7
345.0	0.758	0.033	-2.39	2.5
350.0	0.553	0.020	-5.13	2.0
355.0	0.417	0.031	-7.58	4.2
360.0	-0.078	0.421	-7.36	100.4
365.0	0.739	0.002	-2.63	0.2
370.0	0.684	-0.011	-3.29	-0.9
375.0	0.775	-0.016	-2.21	-1.2
380.0	1.044	-0.039	0.38	-2.1
385.0	1.917	-0.147	5.68	-4.4
390.0	-0.353	-11.986	21.58	-91.7
395.0	-1.722	-0.202	4.78	-173.3
400.0	-0.854	-0.050	-1.35	-176.6
405.0	-0.540 -0.344	-0.033 -0.028	-5.33 -9.24	-176.5 -175.4
410.0 415.0	-0.005	-0.028 -0.087	-21.18	-173.4 -93.5
420.0	-1.951	-0.542	6.13	-93.3 -164.5
425.0	-0.873	-0.542	-1.18	-179.1
430.0	-0.811	0.006	-1.82	179.6
435.0	-0.927	0.000	-0.65	178.7
440.0	-1.323	0.074	2.44	176.7
445.0	-3.092	0.463	9.90	171.5
450.0	3.377	0.465	10.85	14.4
455.0	1.054	0.100	0.49	5.4
460.0	0.573	0.100	-4.82	3.7
465.0	0.304	0.037	-10.27	6.8
470.0	0.010	0.040	-27.74	75.7
475.0	-1.624	0.698	4.95	156.7
480.0	1.456	0.086	3.28	3.4
485.0	0.953	0.000	-0.42	0.7
490.0	0.917	-0.005	-0.75	-0.3
495.0	1.088	-0.027	0.74	-1.4
500.0	1.791	-0.137	5.09	-4.4



Solid Line Depicts Black Material and Dashed Line Depicts Red Material

Figure 4. Transfer Function of 6-mm Samples

Table 7. Real and Imaginary Parts of Eigenvalues Extracted From the Transfer Functions

Eigenvalue	Real Part (Hz)	Imaginary Part (Hz)
1	-0.294	14.6
2	-0.285	43.4
3	-0.448	72.0
4	-0.587	100.9
5	-0.541	129.9
6	-0.537	158.9
7	-0.437	187.7
8	-0.460	216.5
9	-0.380	245.4
10	-0.576	274.4
11	-0.730	302.6
12	-0.583	332.3
13	-0.647	361.2
14	-0.632	390.0
15	-0.570	419.0
16	-0.551	447.8
17	-0.531	476.5

DYNAMIC STRUCTURAL TESTING OF MOLD-EX SILICONE MX-111 SAMPLES

In a series of related tests (not covered under the CRADA, but believed to be of interest to Loctite), dynamic structural evaluations were completed by NUWC Detachment New London in order to study structureborne acoustics and attenuation characteristics.

A batch of NBS Silicone MX-111 material was requested from the Mold-Ex Rubber Company, Inc., in Milton, Florida, and from G. Thomas, the co-inventor of this quieting material, who is affiliated with the Naval Medical Research & Development Center (NMRDC) in Pensacola, Florida. From discussions with Mr. Thomas in the early spring of 1994, it was learned that the material in question was designated as a GM-41 polyurethane and that several industrial companies, such as Boeing and General Motors, were conducting airborne tests for aerospace and automobile applications.

Two 1-foot-square pieces of the Mold-Ex silicone MX-111 samples, with thicknesses of 3 and 6 mm thick, respectively, were provided for the dynamic structural testing. A series of experiments were conducted on the Metravib Viscoanalyzer to determine the complex Young's modulus and the amount of intrinsic structural damping as a function of frequency (5 < f < 500 Hz) and temperature (- 40° C < T < 40° C). The viscoanalyzer provides information on the structural and damping characteristics of polymers when they are subjected to forced harmonic oscillations off resonance. It produces measurements of the displacement and force and provides a complex dynamic stiffness and a loss angle measure of the material. Based on the theory of viscoelasticity, the Young's and shearing modulus (both real and imaginary) are calculated from the geometry of the specimen.

For structural testing, the sample specimen was 5.7 mm high, 5.3 mm thick, and 4.7 mm wide. The various stiffness and phase angle values as measured by the viscoanalyzer are documented in appendix A for each indicated temperature and frequency. The tests were performed in the tension-compression mode, with a displacement vector of 5 microns for each test. Hence, only a measure of the Young's modulus was acquired. Figure 5 is a plot of stiffness versus frequency and phase angle versus frequency for 10 different temperatures. The stiffness decreases for all frequency values as the temperature increases, which is consistent with other observations. The phase angle hovers around 20 degrees for virtually all temperatures and frequencies. It appears that the stiffness and corresponding phase values at 10° C and higher (pages A-9 to A-12) for frequencies approaching 500 Hz may not be as reliable. From the data, it appears that resonance was occurring for those states. The results in general (in the absence of resonance) are accurate within plus or minus 5 percent. Calibration on the viscoanalyzer for the required frequency sweeps is usually achieved with a metallic aluminum ring.

Figure 6 illustrates the real elastic moduli (E) and tangent delta versus temperature for the MX-111 material. The results are very similar to those in figure 5 for stiffness. The data sheets in appendix B show the real and imaginary values of the elastic moduli as well as the tangent delta (measure of lossiness) for each operating temperature. All the values were calculated with the computer software developed by Metravib. The tests were run isothermally at 10 distinct temperatures for each frequency sweep of interest.

Figure 7 shows the real elastic moduli and the tangent delta versus frequency. Overall the MX-111 material shows very consistent damping from 5 to 450 Hz at levels of 0.35 to 0.40. Based on the previous discussion concerning resonance, the data points in this figure near 450 to 500 Hz

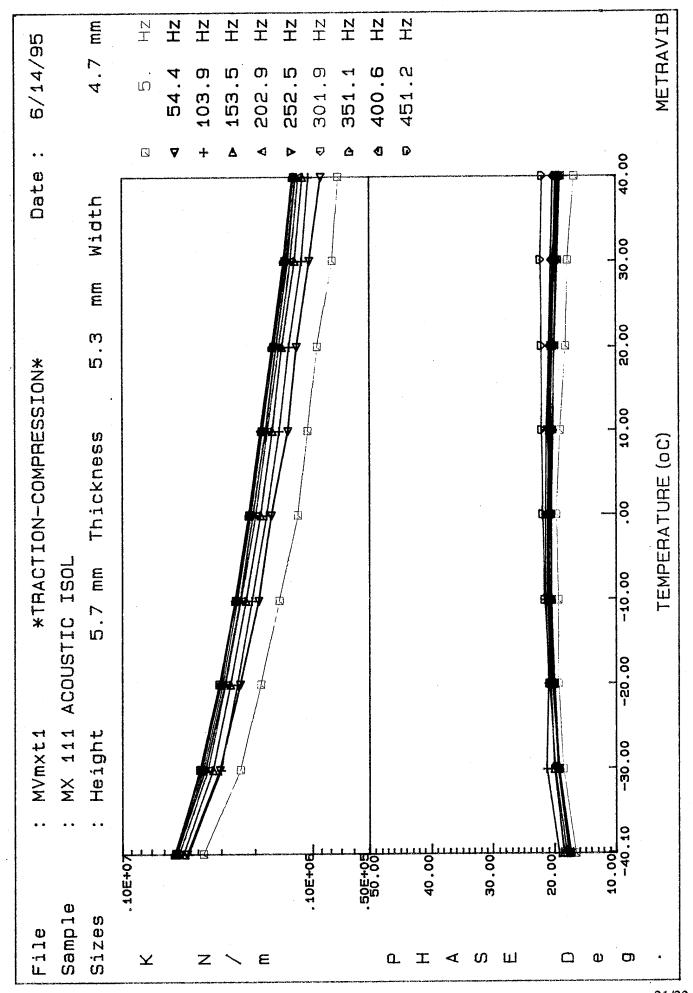


Figure 5. Plot of Stiffness Versus Frequency and Phase Angle Versus Frequency at 10 Temperatures

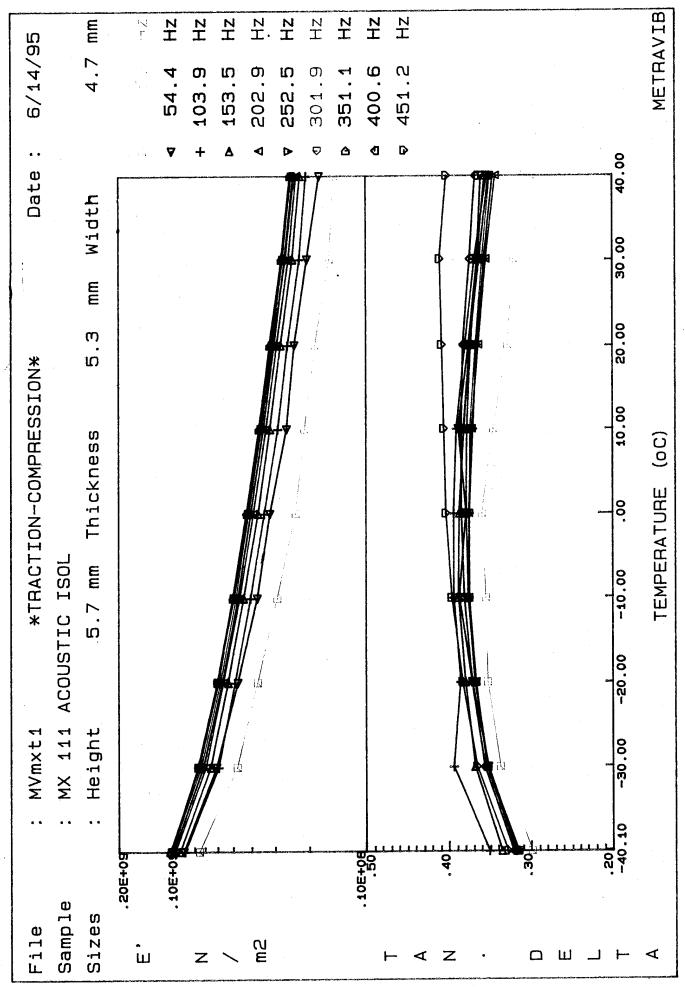


Figure 6. Plot of the Real Elastic Moduli and Tangent Delta Versus Temperature

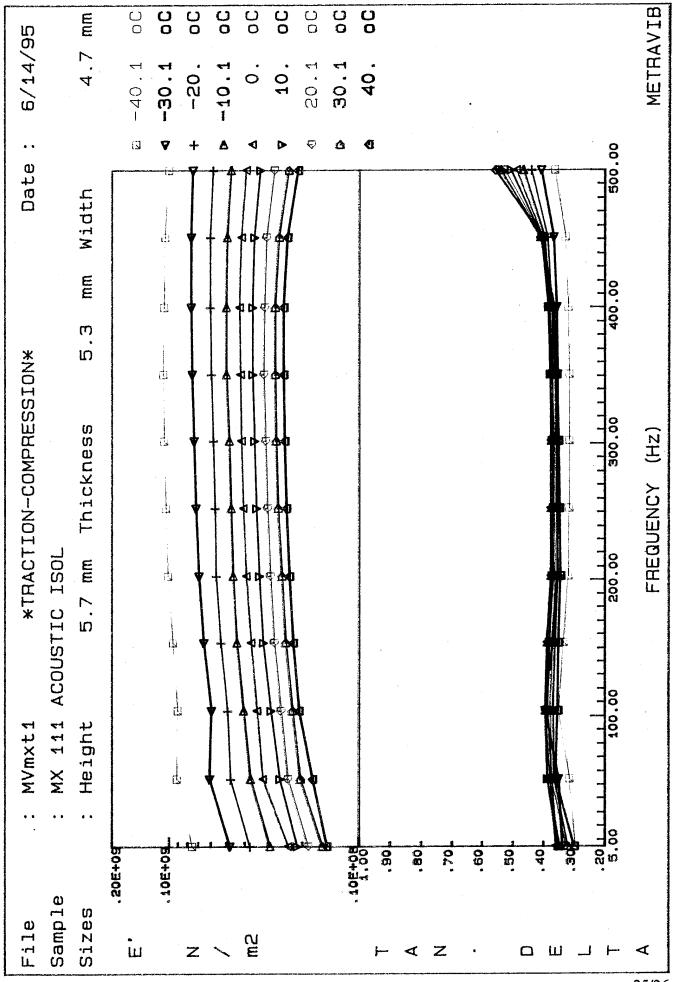


Figure 7. Plot of the Real Elastic Moduli and Tangent Delta Versus Frequency

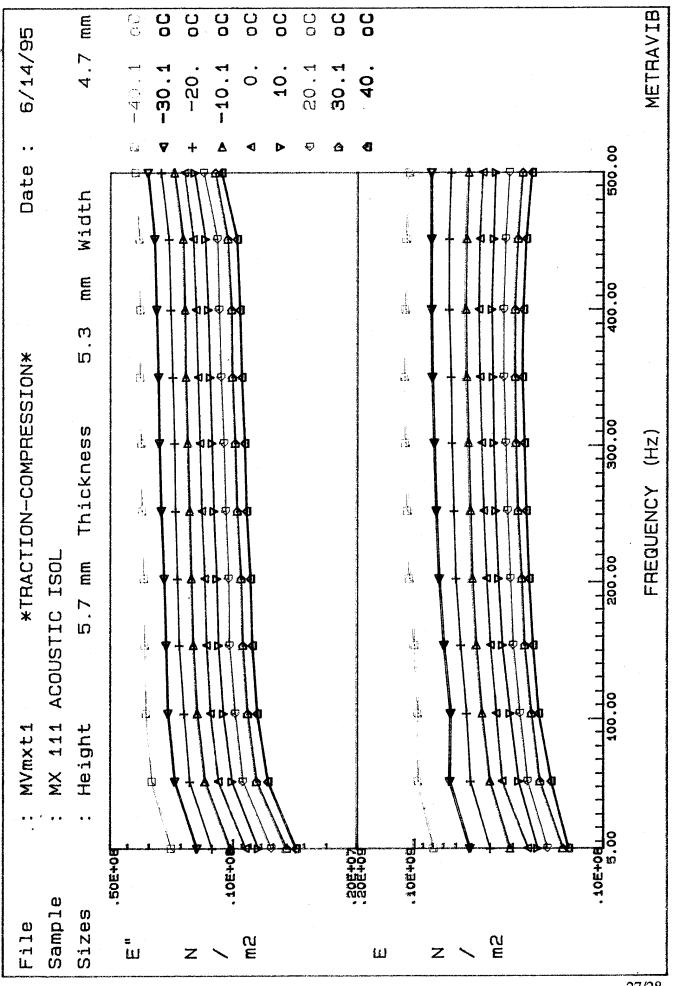


Figure 8. Plot of the Imaginary Elastic Moduli and Total Elastic Moduli Versus Frequency at 10 Temperatures

27/28 Reverse Blank would not be considered totally accurate. The sudden increase in the damping (tangent delta = E''/E') in that region is not a true reflection of the material—it is the onset of resonance.

Figure 8 is a plot of the imaginary elastic moduli and the total elastic moduli versus frequency at the 10 temperature states. The data show that the structure is stiffest at low temperatures at all frequencies and that the imaginary component of the elastic moduli slightly increases with frequency for all temperatures. Again, these are fairly consistent results based on numerous other measurements. The attenuation values of the material are not especially high for all frequencies and temperatures. However, the damping values appear almost constant for the temperatures and frequencies measured. This is somewhat unusual and not very often seen in polymer testing. Also, the structural strength in tension and compression appears to be reasonable for the MX-111 material.

APPENDIX A—VARIOUS STIFFNESS AND PHASE ANGLE VALUES AS MEASURED BY THE METRAVIB VISCOANALYZER

TEST PERFORMED BY :

SERVICE :

SAMPLE REFERENCE	. MX 1	11 ACOUSTIC	ISOL
TEMPERATURE NUMBER	1		
- STARTING TEMPERATURE - VARIATION RATE OF TEMPERATURE - STABILIZATION TIME IN TEMPERATURE - FINAL TEMPERATURE	24.1 5.0 15 -40.1	oC/mn mn	

1	!	 No	!! !FREQUENCY! ! HERTZ !	PREDISTORTION!	FORCE ! NEWTON!	DISPLAC. MICRON	! STIFFNESS ! ! NEWTON/METER!	PHASE ! DEGREE!
		3 4 5 6 7 8 9	! 54.5 ! 104.0 ! 153.6 ! 202.9 ! 252.5 ! 301.9 ! 351.1 ! 400.6 ! 451.3	-157.8 ! -154.1 ! -152.9 ! -152.5 ! -151.4 ! -151.7 ! -149.9 ! -145.2 ! -142.1 !	2.3! 2.4! 2.5! 2.5! 2.6! 2.6! 2.6!	5.1 5.2 5.1 5.0 4.9 5.0 5.0 4.8	! .453E+06! ! .450E+06! ! .474E+06! ! .502E+06! ! .515E+06! ! .533E+06! ! .523E+06! ! .520E+06!	17.5! 19.2! 18.4! 17.6! 17.4! 17.4! 17.6! 18.0!

SAMPLE REFERENCE	. MX 1	.11 ACOUSTIC	ISOL
TEMPERATURE NUMBER	2		
- STARTING TEMPERATURE	5.0 15	oC/mn mn	

!		! !		!		!!	!
!	No	!FREQUENCY!	PREDISTORTION!	FORCE !	DISPLAC.	! STIFFNESS !	PHASE !
!		! HERTZ !	MICRON!	NEWTON!	MICRON	!NEWTON/METER!	DEGREE!
1		!		!		!!	!
!	1	! 5.0 !	-108.1 !	1.2!	5.0	! .239E+06!	18.6!
ļ	2	! 54.5	-108.2	1.6!	5.2	! .306E+06!	19.3!
!	3	! 104.0 !	-105.8 !	1.7!	5.5	! .303E+06!	21.4!
!	4	! 153.6 !	-105.8	1.7!	5.1	.330E+06!	20.1!
Ţ	5	! 202.9 !	-106.0 !	1.7!	5.0	! .351E+06!	19.4!
!	6	! 252.5 !	-106.3	1.8!	5.0	! .363E+06!	19.3!
1	7	! 301.9 !	-106.1	1.9!	5.0	! .372E+06!	19.3!
!	8	! 351.1 !	-106.0	1.9!	5.0	! .380E+06!	19.3!
!	9	! 400.6 !	-105.8 !	1.9!	5.0	! .385E+06!	19.5!
!	10	! 451.3 !	-105.5	1.9!	5.0	.384E+06!	19.9!
!	11	! 500.0 !	-106.0	1.9!	5.0	! .382E+06!	22.0!
,		I		!		1	11

SAMPLE REFERENCE	. MX 1	11 ACOUSTIC	ISOL
TEMPERATURE NUMBER	3		
AUITHITOM WHIT OF ITHITIMENT OF THE PROPERTY	5.0 15	oC∕mn mn	

F		_ 1 _			·			· !	!!
1	No	" : - ! [FREQUENCY!	PREDISTORTION MICRON		RCE!	DISPLAC. MICRON	! STIFFNESS !NEWTON/METER!	PHASE ! DEGREE!
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8		5.0 ! 54.5 ! 104.0 ! 153.6 ! 202.9 ! 252.5 ! 301.9 !	-79.7 -80.2 -79.9 -79.9 -80.2 -80.5 -80.4 -80.0	. — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	.9! 1.2! 1.3! 1.4! 1.4! 1.5!	5.0 5.0 4.9 4.8 5.0 5.1	.187E+06! .238E+06! .248E+06! .268E+06! .283E+06! .289E+06! .296E+06!	20.3! 21.0! 20.7! 20.0! 20.1! 20.1! 20.1!
!	9	!	400.6 !	-80.1		1.5!		.306E+06!	
ŧ	10	1	451.3 !	-79.9	!	1.5!	5.0	! .305E+06!	20.9!
!	11	!	500.0 !	-80.5 !		1.5!	5.0	.301E+06!	23.6!
1.		- ! -	!	,,,,,	!	!		!	!!

SAMPLE REFERENCE	. MX 111 ACOUSTIC ISOL
TEMPERATURE NUMBER	4
- STARTING TEMPERATURE	5.0 oC/mn 15 mn
- FINAL TEMPERATURE	-10.1 OC

ŧ		_ 1		1 -		ا		,,,,	1	
!	No	. !	! FREQUENCY ! HERTZ	!	PREDISTORTION MICRON	!	FORCE !	DISPLAC. MICRON	! STIFFNESS !NEWTON/METER	! PHASE ! ! DEGREE!
			rienta.		HICKON .	I _	14LW1014.	11101014	1	
!	1	- : !	5.0	: - !	-55.4	: - !	: .7!	4.8	.149E+06	19.5!
!	2		54.5	i	-55.9	!	1.0!	5.3	! .190E+06	! 21.1!
!	3	!	104.0	!	-56.2	!	1.0!	4.7	! .208E+06	! 21.4!
!	4	!	153.6	!	-56.2	!	1.1!	4.8	! .223E+06	! 21.1!
!	5	!	202.7	ŀ	-56.6	!	1.1!	4.8	! .235E+06	! 20.5!
!	6	!	252.5	i	-56.8	!	1.2!	5.0	! .240E+06	! 20.5!
1	7	!	301.9	ŗ	-56.7	!	1.2!	5.0	! .246E+06	! 20.5!
!	8	!	351.1	!	-57.0	1	1.3!	5.0	! .252E+06	! 20.5!
1	9	Ţ	400.6	!	-56.6	!	1.3!	5.0	! .253E+06	20.8!
!	10	!	451.3	!	-56.5	!	1.3!	5.0	! .251E+06	! 21.5!
!	11	!	500.0	1	-56.7	!	1.2!	5.0	! .246E+06	! 24.9!
Ī		_ ;	·	١.		! -			!	!!

SAMPLE REFERENCE	. MX 1	111 ACOUSTIC ISOL	
	a mineral service services services and an asset services		
TEMPERATURE NUMBER	5		
- STARTING TEMPERATURE - VARIATION RATE OF TEMPERATURE - STABILIZATION TIME IN TEMPERATURE - FINAL TEMPERATURE	5.0 15	oC/mn mn	N

,		1					!
: : :	No	!FREQUENCY ! HERTZ !	PREDISTORTION!	FORCE !	DISPLAC. MICRON	! STIFFNESS ! NEWTON/METER!	PHASE ! DEGREE!
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	! 5.0 ! ! 54.5 ! ! 104.0 ! ! 153.6 ! ! 202.9 ! ! 252.5 ! 301.9 ! ! 351.1 ! ! 400.6 !	-33.4 ! -34.0 ! -34.2 ! -34.6 ! -35.3 ! -35.3 ! -35.4 ! -35.7 !	.7! .8! .9! 1.0! 1.0! 1.1! 1.1!	5.0 5.0 5.0	.120E+06! .163E+06! .175E+06! .187E+06! .197E+06! .205E+06! .214E+06! .215E+06!	20.7! 21.5! 21.1! 20.5! 20.5! 20.7! 20.7! 20.9!
į		!		!		! !	!!

SAMPLE REFERENCE	II ACUUSIIC ISUC		
			1 Martin
TEMPERATURE NUMBER	6		
- STARTING TEMPERATURE	5.0	oC oC/mn mn oC	

						!!	!
!	No	!FREQUENCY! ! HERTZ !	PREDISTORTION!	FORCE ! NEWTON!	DISPLAC. MICRON	! STIFFNESS ! !NEWTON/METER!	PHASE ! DEGREE!
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	! 5.0 ! 54.5 ! 104.0 ! 153.6 ! 202.9 ! 252.5 ! 301.9 ! 351.1 ! 400.6	-13.5 ! -13.7 ! -14.1 ! -14.7 ! -15.4 ! -15.3 ! -15.6 ! -15.6 !	.5! .7! .8! .9! .9!	4.9 5.5 5.1 4.9 5.0 5.0 5.0	! .106E+06! ! .134E+06! ! .148E+06! ! .162E+06! ! .171E+06! ! .176E+06! ! .181E+06! ! .184E+06!	21.2! 21.3! 20.8! 20.3! 20.3! 20.4! 20.6! 20.9!
!	10 11	! 451.3 ! 500.0	! -15.7 ! ! -16.5 !	.9! .9!	5.0 5.0	! .182E+06! ! .176E+06!	
1]	!	:		•	

SAMPLE REFERENCE	. MX 1	.11 ACOUSTIC	ISOL
TEMPERATURE NUMBER	7		
- STARTING TEMPERATURE	10.0 5.0 15 20.1	oC/mn mn	

		1				·	!
!	ทอ	!FREQUENCY! ! HERTZ !	PREDISTORTION!	FORCE ! NEWTON!	DISPLAC. MICRON	! STIFFNESS ! !NEWTON/METER!	PHASE ! DEGREE!
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	5.0 54.5 104.0 153.6 202.9 252.5 301.9 351.1 400.6	5.2 ! 4.2 ! 4.2 ! 3.4 ! 3.1 ! 3.2 ! 2.7 !	.4! .6! .6! .7! .7! .8! .8!	4.8 4.9 4.9 5.0 5.0 5.0	. 939E+05! . 121E+06! . 132E+06! . 143E+06! . 149E+06! . 155E+06! . 158E+06!	20.5! 20.8! 20.5! 19.9! 20.1! 20.1! 20.4! 20.9!
1.	10 11 	! 451.3 ! ! 500.0 ! !!	2.9 ! 2.7 ! !	.8!	5.0 5.0 	! .158E+06! ! .151E+06! !!	

SAMPLE REFERENCE	. MX 1	.11 ACOUSTIC	ISOL .
TEMPERATURE NUMBER	8		
- STARTING TEMPERATURE	20.1	oC	
- VARIATION RATE OF TEMPERATURE	5.0	oC/mn	
- STABILIZATION TIME IN TEMPERATURE	15	mΠ	
- FINAL TEMPERATURE	30.1	oC	

! ! No !	!! ! FREQUENCY ! HERTZ	PREDISTORTION!	FORCE ! NEWTON!	DISFLAC. MICRON	!! ! STIFFNESS ! !NEWTON/METER!	PHASE ! DEGREE!
! 1 ! 2 ! 3 ! 4 ! 5 ! 6 ! 7 ! 8 ! 9		33.1 ! 32.7 ! 32.1 ! 31.6 ! 31.8 ! 31.4 ! 30.9 ! 30.8 ! 30.9 !	!	5.6 4.9 5.1 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	! .780E+05! ! .103E+06! ! .114E+06! ! .124E+06! ! .130E+06! ! .135E+06! ! .139E+06! ! .141E+06! ! .14E+06!	20.0! 20.2! 19.9! 19.4! 19.6! 19.7! 20.0! 20.5!

SAMPLE REFERENCE	. MX 111 ACOUSTIC ISOL	
TEMPERATURE NUMBER	9	
- STARTING TEMPERATURE	30.1 oC 5.0 oC/mn 15 mn 40.0 oC	

				1		1!	!
!	No	!: !FREQUENCY! ! HERTZ !	PREDISTORTION!	FORCE ! NEWTON!	DISPLAC. MICRON	! STIFFNESS ! !NEWTON/METER!	PHASE ! DEGREE!
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	! 5.0 ! ! 54.5 ! 104.0 ! ! 153.6 ! 202.9 ! ! 252.5 ! 301.9 ! ! 351.1 ! 400.6 ! ! 451.3	53.7 52.9 52.5 51.9 51.7 51.3 50.7 50.7 50.4 50.3 49.9	.4! .5! .5! .6! .6! .6!	5.1 5.8 4.9 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	! .730E+05! ! .895E+05! ! .105E+06! ! .112E+06! ! .122E+06! ! .125E+06! ! .127E+06! ! .127E+06! ! .127E+06!	19.8! 19.4! 19.3! 18.9! 19.1! 19.2! 19.5! 20.1! 21.9!
		I	! :			•	•

APPENDIX B—REAL AND IMAGINARY VALUES OF THE ELASTIC MODULI AND THE TANGENT DELTA (MEASURE OF LOSSINESS) FOR EACH OPERATING TEMPERATURE

VISCOANALYSEUR	TO :
METRAVIB instruments	
MEASUREMENT FILE	t1 14/ 95
SAMPLE REFERENCE MX	111 ACOUSTIC ISOL
TEST PERFORMED IN : TRACTION COMPRESSION	
SAMPLE FEATURES :	
- SHAPE	PARALLELEPIPEDIC 5.79 mm 5.35 mm 4.72 mm
MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS :	
- SCANNING IN TEMPERATURE	5.0 - 500.0 HERTZ
REMARKS :	

B-3

TEST PERFORMED BY :

SAMPLE REFERENCE	. MX 1	11 ACOUSTIC ISOL
TEMPERATURE NUMBER	1.	
- STARTING TEMPERATURE - VARIATION RATE OF TEMPERATURE - STABILIZATION TIME IN TEMPERATURE - FINAL TEMPERATURE	5.0 15	oC/mn mn

!! ! No! ! !	FREQUENCY HERTZ	E' N/m2	E" N/m2	! E ! N/m2 !	TAN. DELTA !
! 1! ! 2! ! 3! ! 4! ! 5! ! 6! ! 7! ! 8! ! 9! ! 10!	5.0 54.5 104.0 153.6 202.9 252.5 301.9 351.1 400.6 451.3 500.0	.755E+08! .913E+08! .896E+08! .951E+08! .101E+09! .104E+09! .107E+09! .105E+09!	.290E+08 .315E+08! .319E+08! .323E+08! .329E+08 .336E+08! .338E+08!	.958E+08! .950E+08! .100E+09! .106E+09! .109E+09! .112E+09! .111E+09!	.317 ! .351 ! .336 ! .319 ! .316 ! .316 ! .321 !

SAMPLE REFERENCE	" MX 1	11 ACOUSTIC ISUL
TEMPERATURE NUMBER	2	
- STARTING TEMPERATURE - VARIATION RATE OF TEMPERATURE - STABILIZATION TIME IN TEMPERATURE - FINAL TEMPERATURE	5.0 15	oC/mn mn

!!- ! No! ! !	FREQUENCY HERTZ	E' N/m2	E" N/m2	! E ! ! N/m2 !	TAN. DELTA	!!!!!
! 1! ! 2! ! 3! ! 5! ! 6! ! 7! ! 8! ! 9!	5.0 54.5 104.0 153.6 202.9 252.5 301.9 351.1 400.6 451.3 500.0	.477E+08! .608E+08! .594E+08! .652E+08! .697E+08! .723E+08! .740E+08! .757E+08! .765E+08! .748E+08!	.214E+08 .234E+08 .240E+08 .247E+08 .255E+08 .261E+08 .267E+08 .272E+08	! .644E+08 ! .638E+08 ! .695E+08 ! .740E+08 ! .767E+08 ! .785E+08 ! .803E+08 ! .812E+08	. 352 . 394 ! .368 ! .355 ! .353 ! .353 ! .354 ! .356	

SAMPLE REFERENCE	. MX 1	11 ACOUSTIC	ISOL
TEMPERATURE NUMBER	3		
- STARTING TEMPERATURE - VARIATION RATE OF TEMPERATURE - STABILIZATION TIME IN TEMPERATURE - FINAL TEMPERATURE	5.0 15	oC∕mn mn	

!!- ! No! ! !	FREQUENCY HERTZ	! E' ! N/m2	E" N/m2	E ! N/m2 !	TAN. DELTA!
! 1! ! 2! ! 3! ! 4! ! 5! ! 6! ! 7! ! 8! ! 9! ! 10!	5.0 54.5 104.0 153.6 202.9 252.5 301.9 351.1 400.6 451.3 500.0	.372E+08! .470E+08! .487E+08! .527E+08! .560E+08! .571E+08! .595E+08! .604E+08!	.175E+08! .188E+08! .200E+08! .206E+08! .211E+08! .219E+08! .225E+08!	.502E+08! .522E+08! .564E+08! .597E+08! .609E+08! .624E+08! .646E+08!	.371 ! .386 ! .380 ! .367 ! .369 ! .368 !

SAMPLE REFERENCE	• MX	111	ACOUSTIC	ISOL	
\$40, 600, 100, and \$20 are \$20 are \$20 feet \$40 feet fine jum here (see \$20 are \$20 ar					
TEMPERATURE NUMBER	4	7			
- STARTING TEMPERATURE	-20.0	0 00	2		
- VARIATION RATE OF TEMPERATURE	5.0) 0	C∕mn		
- STABILIZATION TIME IN TEMPERATURE	1	īm Č	1		
- FINAL TEMPERATURE	-10.3	L 0(2		

!	!- No!	FREQUENCY HERTZ	!	E' ! N/m2 !	E" ! N/m2 !	E ! N/m2 !	TAN. DELTA
	:- 1! 2! 3! 4! 5! 6! 7! 8!	5.0 54.5 104.0 153.6 202.9 252.5 301.9 351.1 400.6 451.3		.296E+08! .373E+08! .407E+08! .438E+08! .463E+08! .473E+08! .497E+08! .497E+08!	.105E+08! .144E+08! .160E+08! .170E+08! .174E+08! .182E+08! .187E+08!	.400E+08! .437E+08! .470E+08! .495E+08! .505E+08! .517E+08! .534E+08!	.387 .394 .388 .375 .375 .375 .377
! .	11! !-	500.0	! . 1	.469E+08!	.218E+08!	.518E+08!	.465

SAMPLE REFERENCE	. MX 111 ACOUSTIC ISOL
TEMPERATURE NUMBER	5
- STARTING TEMPERATURE	-10.1 oC 5.0 oC/mn 15 mn .0 oC
·	

!!- ! No! ! !	FREQUENCY HERTZ	E' !	E" ! N/m2 !	E ! N/m2 !	TAN. DELTA
! 1! ! 2! ! 3! ! 4! ! 5! ! 6! ! 7! ! 8! ! 9!	5.0 54.5 104.0 153.6 202.9 252.5 301.9 351.1 400.6 451.3 500.0	.236E+08! .320E+08! .341E+08! .367E+08! .388E+08! .403E+08! .413E+08! .420E+08! .416E+08!	.121E+08! .135E+08! .142E+08! .146E+08! .151E+08! .159E+08! .162E+08!	.343E+08! .367E+08! .393E+08! .415E+08! .431E+08! .450E+08! .453E+08!	.379 ! .395 ! .387 ! .375 ! .376 ! .379 ! .384 !

SAMFLE REFERENCE	MX 1	11 ACOUSTIC ISUL
TEMPERATURE NUMBER	٤	
- STARTING TEMPERATURE	.0 5.0 15 10.0	oC/mn mn

!!- ! No! ! !	FREQUENCY HERTZ	! E' ! ! N/m2 !	E" ! N/m2 !	E ! N/m2 !	TAN. DELTA !
!!- ! 1! ! 2! ! 3! ! 4! ! 5! ! 6! ! 7! ! 8! ! 9!	5.0 54.5 104.0 153.6 202.9 252.5 301.9 351.1 400.6 451.3	! .211E+08! ! .262E+08! ! .290E+08! ! .319E+08! ! .337E+08! ! .348E+08! ! .357E+08! ! .363E+08! ! .365E+08! ! .355E+08!	.729E+07! .102E+08! .113E+08! .122E+08! .125E+08! .129E+08! .133E+08! .137E+08! .140E+08!	.281E+08! .312E+08! .342E+08! .359E+08! .371E+08! .388E+08!	.388 ! .391 ! .381 ! .372 ! .371 ! .374 ! .378 !

SAMPLE REFERENCE	MX 111 ACOUSTIC ISOL
TEMPERATURE NUMBER	7
- STARTING TEMPERATURE	10.0 eC 5.0 eC/mn 15 mn 20.1 eC

!!- ! No! ! !	FREQUENCY HERTZ	E' ! N/m2 !	E" N/m2	. E ! N/m2 !	TAN. DELTA !
! 1! ! 2! ! 3! ! 4! ! 5! ! 6! ! 7! ! 8! ! 9!	5.0 54.5 104.0 153.6 202.9 252.5 301.9 351.1 400.6 451.3 500.0	.187E+08! .238E+08! .259E+08! .282E+08! .295E+08! .305E+08! .312E+08! .318E+08! .318E+08!	.891E+07! .986E+07! .105E+08! .107E+08! .112E+08! .119E+08! .122E+08!	.254E+08! .278E+08! .301E+08! .314E+08! .325E+08! .340E+08! .340E+08!	.375 ! .380 ! .374 ! .364 ! .366 ! .367 ! .373 !

SAMPLE REFERENCE	MX 111 ACOUSTIC ISOL	
TEMPERATURE NUMBER	8	
- STARTING TEMPERATURE - VARIATION RATE OF TEMPERATURE - STABILIZATION TIME IN TEMPERATURE - FINAL TEMPERATURE	E 5.0 oC/mn ATURE 15 mn	

! -	No! .	FREQUENCY HERTZ	-!- ! !	E' ! N/m2 !	E" N/m2	E N/m2	! TAN. DELTA !	!
		5.0 54.5 104.0 153.6 202.9 252.5 301.9 351.1	- !	.156E+08! .204E+08! .226E+08! .245E+08! .257E+08! .267E+08!	.746E+07 .831E+07 .890E+07 .910E+07 .951E+07	.217E+08 .240E+08 .261E+08 .273E+08 .283E+08	! .365 ! .368 ! ! .363 ! .354 ! .356 !	;
!!!	9! 10! 11! !-	400.6 451.3 500.0	! ! ! -!-	.277E+08! .264E+08! .237E+08!	.108E+08	.286E+08	.410	!

SAMPLE REFERENCE	MX 1	11 ACOUSTIC	ISOL
TEMPERATURE NUMBER	9		
- STARTING TEMPERATURE	30.1 5.0 15 40.0	oC oC/mn mn oC	

! No! FREQUENCY! E'!! HERTZ! N/m2!	E"	! E	! TAN. DELTA !
	N/m2	! N/m2 !	!
1!	.441E+07 .637E+07 .732E+07 .780E+07 .802E+07 .838E+07 .868E+07 .894E+07 .918E+07 .955E+07	! .188E+08! ! .220E+08! ! .236E+08! ! .247E+08! ! .256E+08! ! .267E+08! ! .266E+08!	.361 ! .353 ! .350 ! .343 ! .346 ! .350 ! .355 !